

# Learn to Describe in Your Descriptive Essay?

The idea of creative writing in an essay is interesting and appealing, yet some students dread these types of [Essay Writing Service](#). Both descriptive and narrative essays give the opportunity for the students to polish their creative thinking and their ability to form a picture in the reader's mind. This skill comes of use in the expository and persuasive essays.

The descriptive essay allows the **essay writer** to demonstrate the descriptive skills by describing a person, a place, a journey, an event, or an object. For the readers, the writing should allow them to picture the details and the objects by evoking all the five senses. Most beginners tend to focus on the sense of sight and smell, ignoring the other senses that are just as important.

## Structure of the descriptive essay

The descriptive essay will loosely follow the traditional essay structure. It will have an introduction, a body part, and finally a conclusion.



- The introduction should start by telling the reader what you are going to describe in the rest of the essay and its significance. You should avoid diving straight into introducing the topic. Instead, start from the general and give a little background into the subject, and bring the reader smoothly to the subject at hand.

- The body paragraph is where you will start your descriptive writing. A body paragraph should have three things:
- The description of the object's characteristics and features. You can highlight a subject's peculiarities or quirks to make him look unique and interesting.
- The description of the background and the [Essay Writer](#).
- Sensory expressions and interactions with the surroundings.
- The conclusion part will not reiterate the main points like other essays but will bring the description to a close, by providing an overall description or a reflection on the subject.

## Two modes of description

Reading other descriptive works you will at times find that most of the description is divided into two parts.

- **Concrete Description: The concrete description refers to the descriptions that are directly connected to the senses. The sentences give the reader sensory cues to picture the subject. Most of the writers use the sense of sight and sound, but you should evoke all the five senses to form a vivid and sharp image of the object.**

Take a look at how the senses are evoked in this sentence: "*He remained reclined on the wall bench against its leather [Write my essay](#). The smell of cheese and grease made his nostrils flare up and his mouth crane, just as his hand-picked the greasy fries and made way towards his unkempt face. The hand then went on to choke its master —death by fires, a heavenly death. Some cheese-laden fries escaped the sinkhole and bounced against the stained shirt onto the sleek bench. The sound of smacking filled the corner that was, for now, his paradise.*"

- **Interpretive description: When reading a passage of descriptive writing, you will find yourself picturing the subject or the surrounding without the author subjecting the subject to any of the senses. This kind of description adds a certain depth to the subject being described and helps the reader form a picture around the subject. Such a form of description is the Interpretive description.**

Take a look at this passage for example: "*The guy at the corner, munching down on fries looked like someone who has recently won a lottery but had plundered it with his gambling addiction.*"

The second part of the sentence describes the person for the reader using [college essay writing service](#) and the end product is a description that cannot be told through concrete description alone.